

CONTENTS

PREFACE	v
INTRODUCTION	1
PART I. THE BEGINNING : 1786–1850	7
X <i>Chapter 1: Immanuel Kant (1724–1804)</i>	9
Introduction	9
Selective Bibliography	15
PREFACE TO THE METAPHYSICAL FOUNDATIONS OF NATURAL SCIENCE	17
<i>Chapter 2: Sir John Frederick William Herschel (1792–1871)</i>	28
Introduction	28
Selective Bibliography	30
OF THE PRINCIPLES ON WHICH PHYSICAL SCIENCE RELIES FOR ITS SUCCESSFUL PROSECUTION, ETC.	31
Of Experience As the Source of Our Knowledge	31
Of the Analysis of Phenomena	35
<i>Chapter 3: William Whewell (1794–1866)</i>	47
Introduction	47
Selective Bibliography	49
ON THE NATURE AND CONDITIONS OF INDUCTIVE SCIENCE	51
A. Introduction	51
B. Of Fundamental Ideas	52
Of Necessary Truths	52
Of Experience	56
Of the Grounds of Necessary Truths	59
The Fundamental Ideas Are Not Derived from Experience	63
Of the Philosophy of the Sciences	65
C. Philosophy of the Mechanical Sciences	66
Of the Idea of Cause	66
Of the Axioms Which Relate to the Idea of Cause	69
D. On the Process of Discovery	74
Of the Colligation of Facts	74
Of Certain Characteristics of Scientific Induction	75
Of the Logic of Induction	76
Of Laws of Phenomena and of Causes	77
<i>Chapter 4: John Stuart Mill (1806–1873)</i>	80
Introduction	80
Selective Bibliography	82
OF INDUCTION	83

Preliminary Observations on Induction in General	83
Of Inductions Improperly So Called	84
Of the Ground of Induction	87
Of Laws of Nature	89
Of the Law of Universal Causality	94
Of the Evidence of the Law of Universal Causation	99
PART II. THE LATTER PART OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY : 1870–1899	105
<i>Chapter 5: Hermann Ludwig Ferdinand Von Helmholtz (1821–1894)</i>	<i>107</i>
Introduction	107
Selective Bibliography	109
ON THE ORIGIN AND SIGNIFICANCE OF GEOMETRICAL AXIOMS	111
<i>Chapter 6: William Stanley Jevons (1835–1882)</i>	<i>133</i>
Introduction	133
Selective Bibliography	135
PHILOSOPHY OF INDUCTIVE INFERENCE	137
Introduction	137
Various Classes of Inductive Truths	138
The Relation of Cause and Effect	139
Fallacious Use of the Term Cause	140
Confusion of Two Questions	141
Definition of the Term Cause	142
Distinction of Inductive and Deductive Results	144
The Grounds of Inductive Inference	145
<i>Chapter 7: Johann Bernard Stallo (1823–1900)</i>	<i>147</i>
Introduction	147
Selective Bibliography	149
THE KINETIC THEORY OF GASES—CONDITIONS OF THE VALIDITY OF SCIENTIFIC HYPOTHESES	151
<i>Chapter 8: Ernst Mach (1838–1916)</i>	<i>170</i>
Introduction	170
Selective Bibliography	172
THE ECONOMICAL NATURE OF PHYSICAL INQUIRY	174
<i>Chapter 9: Karl Pearson (1857–1936)</i>	<i>188</i>
Introduction	188
Selective Bibliography	190
PERCEPTUAL AND CONCEPTUAL SPACE	191
Conceptions and Perceptions	191
Sameness and Continuity	193
Conceptual Space. Geometrical Boundaries	195
Surfaces as Boundaries	197
Conceptual Discontinuity of Bodies. The Atom	199
Conceptual Continuity. Ether	202
On the General Nature of Scientific Conceptions	203

Chapter 10: Émile Boutroux (1845–1921)	206
Introduction	206
Selective Bibliography	208
THE MECHANICAL LAWS	209
Chapter 11: Heinrich Rudolf Hertz (1857–1894)	223
Introduction	223
Selective Bibliography	226
ON THE APPROPRIATENESS, CORRECTNESS, AND PERMISSIBILITY OF SCIENTIFIC THEORIES	227
Chapter 12: Ludwig Boltzmann (1844–1906)	243
Introduction	243
Selective Bibliography	245
ON THE FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES AND BASIC EQUATIONS OF MECHANICS	246
PART III. THE FIRST DECADE OF THE TWENTIETH CENTURY	261
Chapter 13: Henri Jules Poincaré (1854–1912)	263
Introduction	263
Selective Bibliography	265
<i>Science and Reality</i>	267
Contingence and Determinism	267
Objectivity of Science	273
The Rotation of the Earth	279
Science for Its Own Sake	280
Chapter 14: Charles Sanders Peirce (1839–1914)	281
Introduction	281
Selective Bibliography	283
MILL ON INDUCTION	285
Chapter 15: Pierre Maurice Marie Duhem (1861–1916)	295
Introduction	295
Selective Bibliography	297
PHYSICAL LAW	299
The Laws of Physics Are Symbolic Relations	299
A Law of Physics Is, Properly Speaking, Neither True Nor False But Approximate	302
Every Law of Physics Is Provisional and Relative Because It Is Approximate	306
Every Physical Law Is Provisional Because It Is Symbolic	308
The Laws of Physics Are More Detailed Than the Laws of Common Sense	312
Chapter 16: Wilhelm Ostwald (1853–1932)	314
Introduction	314
Selective Bibliography	316
ENERGETISM AND MECHANICS	318
General	318

Mechanics	318
Kinetic Energy	320
Mass and Matter	323
Energetic Mechanics	324
The Mechanistic Theories	325
Chapter 17: Émile Meyerson (1859–1933)	328
Introduction	328
Selective Bibliography	330
IDENTITY OF THOUGHT AND NATURE AS THE FINAL GOAL OF SCIENCE	331
Chapter 18: Ernst Cassirer (1874–1945)	348
Introduction	348
Selective Bibliography	350
ON FUNCTIONAL CONCEPTS IN NATURAL SCIENCE	352
Robert Mayer's Methodology of Natural Science	352
Hypotheses and Natural Laws	353
The Presuppositions of Physical "Measurement"	354
The Physical "Fact" and the Physical "Theory"	356
Units of Measurement	358
The Verification of Physical Hypotheses	358
The Motive of Serial Construction	360
The Physical Concepts of Series	363
 PART IV. TOWARD CONTEMPORARY PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE : 1910–1927	 365
 Chapter 19: Charlie Dunbar Broad (1887–	 367
Introduction	367
Selective Bibliography	369
ON PHENOMENALISM	370
 Chapter 20: Bertrand Russell (1872–	 386
Introduction	386
Selective Bibliography	389
THE WORLD OF PHYSICS AND THE WORLD OF SENSE	390
 Chapter 21: Alfred North Whitehead (1861–1947)	 410
Introduction	410
Selective Bibliography	413
TIME, SPACE, AND MATERIAL: ARE THEY, AND IF SO IN WHAT SENSE, THE ULTIMATE DATA OF SCIENCE?	414
 Chapter 22: Norman Robert Campbell (1880–1949)	 425
Introduction	425
Selective Bibliography	427
THE MEANING OF SCIENCE	428
Two Criteria in Science	428
Truth and Meaning	432
Some Historical Considerations	435

Science and Imagination	440
Science and Art	444
Chapter 23: Moritz Schlick (1882–1936)	447
Introduction	447
Selective Bibliography	449
BASIC ISSUES OF PHILOSOPHY OF NATURAL SCIENCE	450
The Task of Philosophy of Nature	450
Description and Explanation	453
The Construction of Theories	456
Theories and Pictorial Models	459
Chapter 24: Percy Williams Bridgman (1882–1961)	461
Introduction	461
Selective Bibliography	463
DETAILED CONSIDERATION OF VARIOUS CONCEPTS OF PHYSICS	465
The Concept of Space	465
The Concept of Time	467
The Causality Concept	473
NAME INDEX	483
INDEX OF SUBJECTS	487